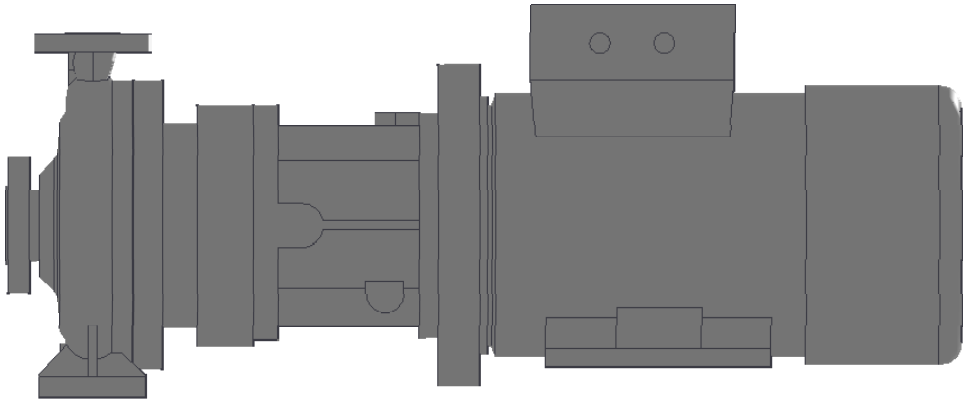
Operation / Installation Instructions

NMB

No. 44.NMB.E4.09/17



Original Manual

DICKOW PUMPEN

LLOYD'S REGISTER • LRQA ISO 9001

UKAS MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS 001

Table of Contents

1. General

This instruction manual describes the proper and safe usage of the pump during all operating phases.

The instruction manual does not consider local regulations. Adherence to those is the responsibility of the owner.

The name tag states pump type and size, the most important operating data as well as the pump serial number. The serial number is a precise description of the pump unit and serves as identification for all following procedures.

In the event of damage the Customer Service of Dickow Pumpen must immediately be informed in order to maintain guarantee claims.

For installation of supplied interchangeable units, the respective subchapters of "Maintenance, Servicing, Inspection" must be observed.

Applicable documents:

- Pump data sheet
- Dimensional drawing
- Sectional drawing
- Parts lists
- Sub-supplier documentation

2. Safety

The manual includes basic instructions for installation, operation and maintenance. Only if these instructions are strictly observed, a safe handling of pump or pump unit is guaranteed and personal injury and material damage is avoided.

All the safety instructions in this manual must be considered.

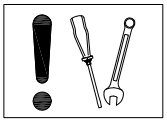
This manual must be thoroughly reviewed and completely understood by the qualified personnel / operator before attempting assembly and start-up.
The manual must consistently be available on site.

Indications and plates attached to the pump must be followed and kept in legible condition.

2.1 Designation of Warning Notices

Signal word	Explanation
DANGER	signifies an imminent danger. If it will not be avoided, death or severe injury are the consequence.
WARNING	signifies a possibly dangerous situation. If it will not be avoided, death or severe injury may be the consequence.
CAUTION	signifies a possibly dangerous situation. If it will not be avoided, slight or minor injury may be the consequence.
ATTENTION	signifies a possibly harmful situation. If it will not be avoided, danger for the pump and its function may be the consequence.

Symbol	Explanation
	General danger sign Together with a signal word, it signifies dangers in connection with death or injury.
	Dangerous voltage Together with a signal word, it signifies dangers in connection with voltage.
	Warning from magnetic field Together with a signal word, it signifies dangers in connection with magnetic fields.

	Hot surface Together with a signal word, it signifies dangers in connection with hot surfaces.
	Explosion protection Gives information on protection from explosion development in hazardous area according to Directive 2014/34./EU.
	Mechanical breakdown Together with the signal word ATTENTION, it signifies dangers for the pump and its function.
	Notice Provides recommendation and useful information for handling the product.

2.2 Intended use

The pump / pump unit may only be operated in the application area which is described in the relevant pump data sheet. This applies for instance to pumped liquid, flow, speed, pressure, temperature and motor power. Further points to be observed:

- Operate pump in technically faultless condition only.
- Never operate pump if not completely assembled.
- Never operate pump without liquid.
- Observe pump data sheet / operating manual regarding the minimum flow.
- Observe pump data sheet / operating manual regarding the maximum flow.
- Never throttle pump on suction side.
- Maximum speed is 3500 rpm (+10%).

2.3 Avoidance of foreseeable operating errors

- Never open shut-off valves in excess of the allowable range. This would cause exceedance of the maximum flow and possible cavitation damage.
- Never exceed the allowable application limits regarding pressure and temperature which are specified in the pump data sheet.
- Consider and adhere to all safety instructions and other notices mentioned in the operating manual.

2.4 Qualification of personnel

The personnel must possess the relevant qualification for assembly, operation, maintenance and inspection of the pump unit.
Responsibility, competence and supervision must be strictly regulated by the owner.
Skill of the personnel shall be improved by training. Training course can be held by the technical staff of Dickow Pumpen.

2.5 Additional safety regulations

Besides the safety instructions mentioned in this manual, the following additional regulations apply:

- Accident prevention regulations
- Explosion proof regulations
- Safety regulations for handling hazardous materials
- Applicable standards and laws

2.6 Safety instructions for the operator / user

- Protection against contact with hot and cold components must be provided by customer.
- Coupling guard and hand guard on the pump / pump unit must not be removed during operation.
- Pump must always be earth connected / grounded.
- Protective equipment for personnel must be provided and used.
- Toxic liquid leakage must be drained off safely, without endangering individuals and environment. Legal requirements must be observed.
- Danger through electric energy must be excluded.

2.7 Safety instructions for maintenance, inspection and assembly

- Alteration works or modifications on the pump are only allowed after consulting Dickow Pumpen.
- Only original parts or parts approved by Dickow shall be used.
- Repairs on the pump / pump unit may only be done during shutdown.
- The pump casing must have cooled down to ambient temperature.
- The pump must be depressurized and drained.
- Consider the procedure for decommissioning according to chapter 6.6.
- Pumps handling products dangerous to health must be decontaminated according to chapter 4.4
- Coupling guard and hand guard must be mounted again after completion of the works.
- Works on the pump unit may be done only with disconnected electricity.
- Secure the pump unit against unintentional switch-on.

2.8 Non-observance of the instruction manual

Non-observance of this manual leads to loss of warranty and damage claims. Non-observance will involve the following risks:

- Endangering of individuals through electrical, thermal, mechanical and chemical impacts.
- Danger through explosions.
- Danger through breakdown of essential functions.
- Endangering of environment through leakage of toxic liquids.

2.9 Notices on explosion protection

DANGER

Operation in explosive areas requires stringent attention to this chapter.

- Only pumps with relevant identification are allowed to be used in explosive areas.
- Pumps must be designated for this service in the pump data sheet.
- Intended use must be guaranteed.
- Inadmissible operating conditions must be avoided in any case.
- Special conditions apply for operation in compliance with Explosion Proof Directive. The "Ex"-symbol shown here marks the chapters in this manual which require special attention.

2.9.1 Surface temperature

The highest surface temperatures are to be expected at the pump casing and at the containment shell. The surface temperature at the pump casing is equal to the temperature of the pumped liquid.
The surface of the motor lantern must be uncovered. Insulation of the motor lantern is not allowed. The containment shell temperature can be determined with Figure 1 and the following formula.

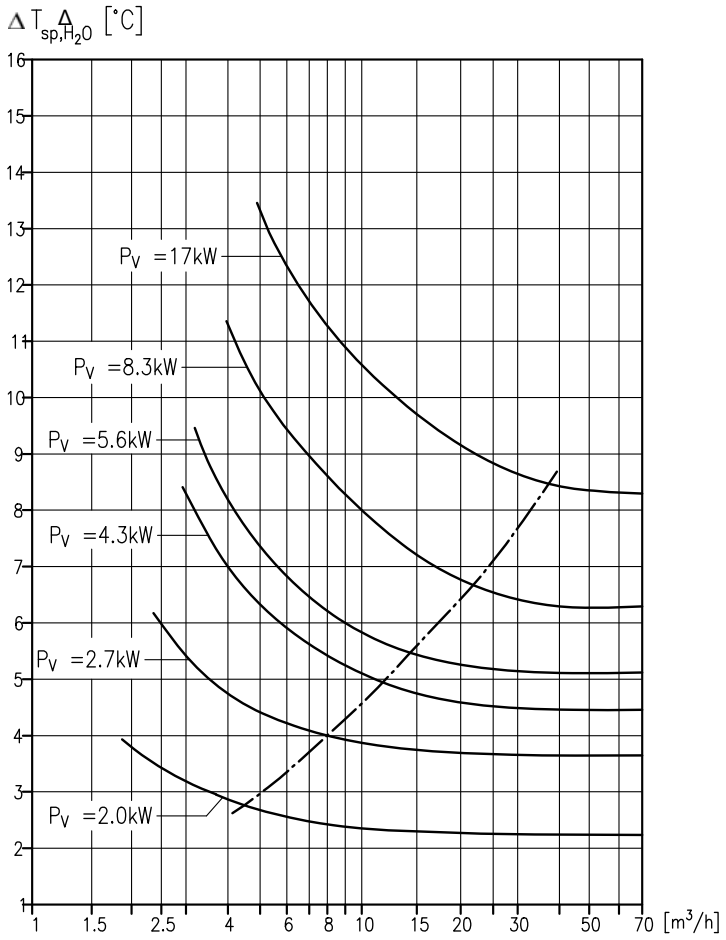


Fig. 1: Containment shell temperature as a function of magnet losses P_v based on water

$$T_{sp,liquid} = T_E + \Delta T_{sp,H_2O} \; x \; \frac{c_{H_2O}}{c_{liquid}} \; x \; \frac{\rho_{H_2O}}{\rho_{liquid}}$$

T_E	=	inlet temperature of product at suction flange
$\Delta T_{sp,H_2O}$	=	refer to Figure 1
c_{H_2O}	=	specific heat capacity of water = 4,187 kJ / kgK
c_{liquid}	=	specific heat capacity of handled liquid [kJ / kgK]
ρ_{H_2O}	=	density of water = 1 kg / dm^3
ρ_{liquid}	=	density of handled liquid [kg / dm^3]

NOTE

If pumps are equipped with ceramic or PEEK containment shell, no magnet losses P_v will occur.

The surface temperature at the containment shell is equal to the temperature of the handled liquid.

2.9.2 Monitoring devices

The pump may only be operated within the limits given in the pump data sheet and on the name tag.
In case the owner cannot maintain the operating limits, monitoring devices are required. The following risks must be considered:

- **Plugging of internal circulation channels**
  The inner liquid filled area of the magnet coupling is cooled by an internal circulation. Interruption of this internal circulation through certain properties of the product (e.g. polymerization) can cause an inadmissible temperature rise.

- **Desynchronisation of the magnet coupling**
  Overstressing, overheating or non-observance of the design data may result in desynchronization of the magnet coupling. The generated heat energy may cause temperature rise of the containment shell.

- **Solids between inner magnet and containment shell**
  Large solids may become wedged between inner magnet and containment shell and cause inadmissible temperature rise at the containment shell through friction.

- **Product leakage**
  If a containment shell is damaged (= rare failure) and leaking product can endanger the environment, a leakage monitor should be provided.
  Interaction with adjoining materials must be considered.

- **Operation below the minimum flow**

- **Operation above the maximum flow**

The following monitoring devices can be supplied:

- Level switch to avoid dry running.

- Temperature monitoring of the containment shell for controlling elevated temperatures in the containment shell.

- Power monitor for controlling minimum flow and/or maximum flow and detection of dry run and desynchronisation of the magnet coupling.

- Monitoring of the inner area of the bearing bracket to detect leakage due to containment shell damage.

2.9.3 Application in explosion group II C

In order to avoid brush discharge from machines of group II G, the coating thickness is limited to maximum 0,2 mm.

For thicker coatings, approved conductive coating systems are used.

2.10 Magnet coupling

DANGER

Strong magnetic field from the area of the magnet coupling or from single magnets.

Danger to life for individuals with pace maker!
Disturbance of magnetic data media, electronic devices, components and instruments!
Uncontrolled attractive force between magnetic components, tools etc.!

- A safe distance of 0,3m minimum must be maintained.

The safe distance refers to inner and outer magnets which are not yet installed in the pump.

In mounted condition, the magnetic field is completely shielded. There is no danger through magnetic fields from an assembled pump. This refers also to pace makers.

3. Description

3.1 General description

This pump is used where ever sealless design is required. This applies for instance to dangerous, explosive, toxic and other liquids harmful to the environment which are handled in the chemical, petrochemical, oil- and gas industry.

3.2 Design code

Example: NMB b h 32/210 A 21 / 1,0 / 30 / 1 / 2

	Pump code
NMB	pump type
b	spezial design ; e.g. b = heating jacket
h	material execution ; e.g. h = 1.4408 / 1.4571
32	nominal width discharge flange [mm]
210	nominal impeller diameter [mm]
A	scope of supply ; e.g. A = bare shaft pump
	Magnet code
21	material ; e.g. 2 = containment shell 2.4610; 1 = rotor 1.4571
1,0	wall thickness containment shell [mm]
30	magnet length [mm]
1	circulation ; e.g. 1 = internal
2	sleeve bearing design; e.g. 2 = shrink fitted

3.3 Classification pump size / frame size

Frame size	**0**	**I**	**II**
Pump sizes	26/125	32/165	32/250
	26/170	32/210	40/250
	26/210	40/165	40/320
	40/125	40/210	50/250
	50/125	50/165	50/330
	65/125	50/210	65/165
			65/210
			65/250
			80/165
			80/210
			80/250
			100/210

3.4 Identification

3.4.1 Name tag

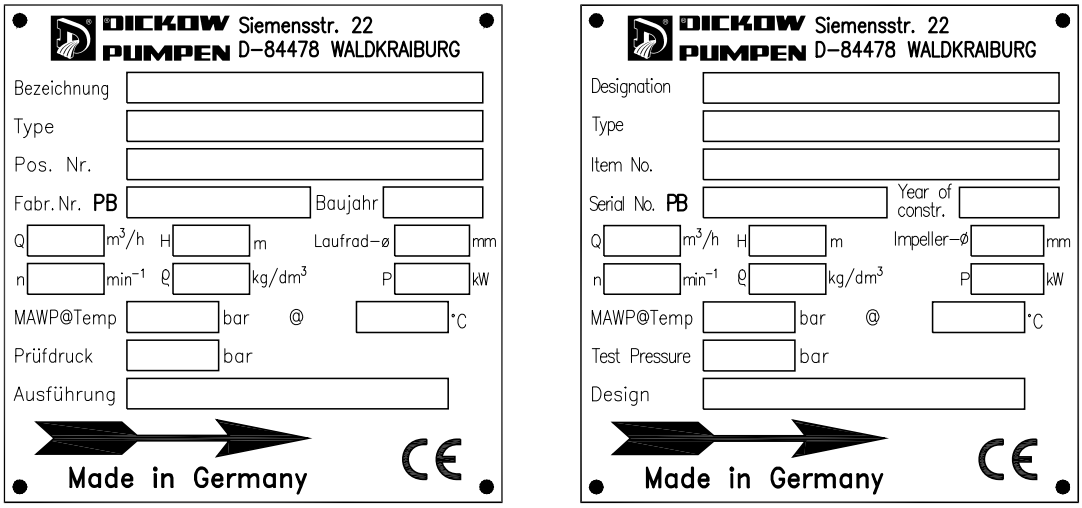


Fig. 2: Name tag German and English

3.4.2 Identification acc. to Explosion Proof Directive

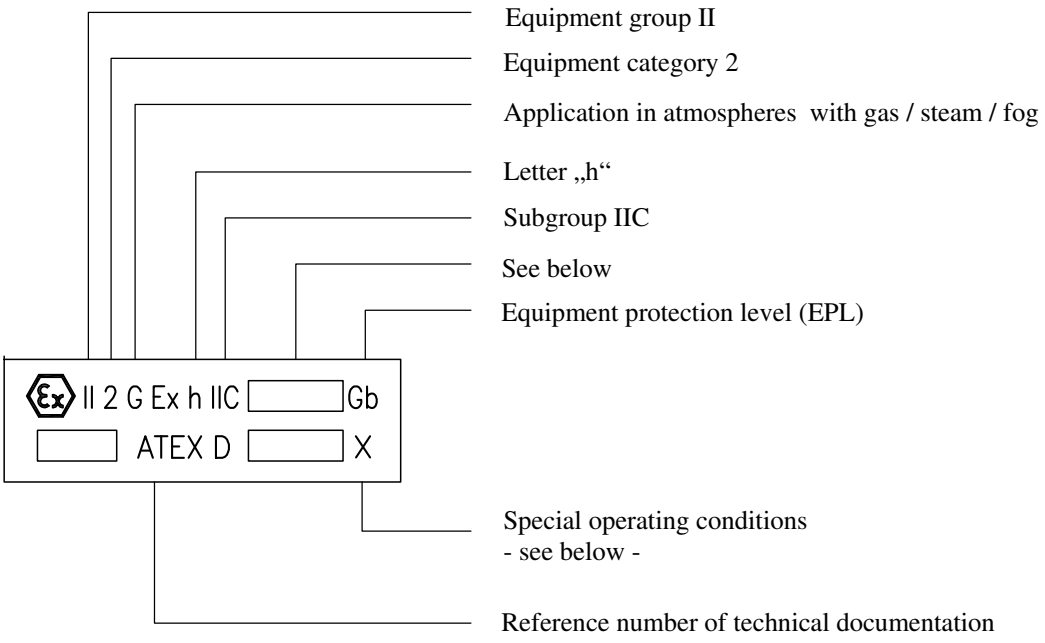


Fig. 3: ATEX- nameplate

The surface temperature does not depend on the ignition source, but on the temperature of the pumped liquid. There is no identification with a temperature class or a temperature. The marking contains an identification of T-area or temperature range as well as the symbol “X” (behind the reference number of technical documentation) for special operating conditions regarding the temperature.
Chapter 2.9.1 refers to the arising surface temperatures.
Space permitting, this Ex-marking is integrated in the name plate as per chapter 3.4.1.

3.5 Design

Design

- volute casing pump
- horizontal installation
- single stage
- compliance with requirements of ISO 15783
- casing dimensions according to ISO 2858
- close coupled design

Pump casing

- single volute
- radially split
- cast-on feet

Impeller

- closed
- back vanes, relief holes and/or injection slots for thrust load balance

Bearing

- pump end: product lubricated sleeve bearing

Shaft sealing

- magnet coupling

3.5.1 Magnet coupling

The drive power is transmitted by the motor - through the magnetic field lines - via the outer magnets to the inner magnet coupling. The inner and outer magnets are tied together through magnetic field lines and are therefore synchronized. No slip exists, the motor speed complies with the coupling speed.

The pump shaft with impeller and driven inner magnet is carried by wetted sleeve bearings. The SiC components have an almost unlimited service life as long as a stable fluid film is available between the sliding surfaces.

The heat in the metallic containment shells, generated through eddy currents, is dissipated through an internal circulation flow. The internal circulation is an additional safety against exceedance of boiling point in the magnet chamber and serves as a lubrication of the sleeve bearings.

3.6 Scope of supply

Depending on the pump execution, the following items belong to the scope of supply:

- Pump
- Casted base plate respectively welded frame of sturdy design
- Drive motor
- Special accessories if required

3.7 Dimensions and Weights

Dimensions and weights can be taken from the foundation plan / dimensional drawing.

4. Handling / Storage / Disposal

4.1 Handling

DANGER

Slipping of pump / pump unit from its suspension.

Danger of life through components falling down!

- Lift the pump / pump unit only in horizontal position.
- Never hang up the pump unit on the ring screw of the motor.
- Do not stay underneath floating loads.
- Consider weight indications in the dimensional drawing.
- Observe the local accident prevention regulations.
- Use suitable and approved lifting accessories.

Fig. 4: lifting the pump

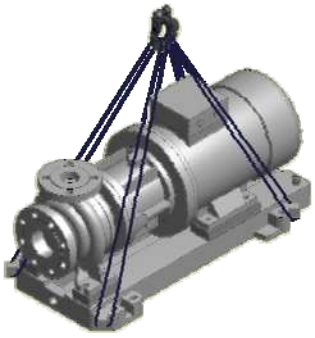
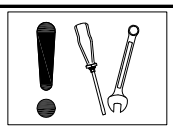


Fig. 5: lifting the complete pump unit (standard baseplate)

ATTENTION

Improper handling of rotating or interchangeable unit



Damage of sleeve bearings!

- Pump shaft must be secured against displacement by a suitable transport lock.

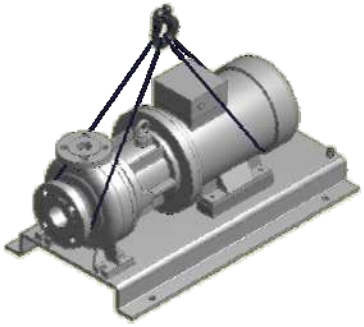
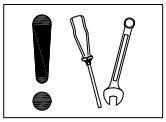


Fig. 6: lifting the complete pump unit
(bend formed baseplate)

4.2 Storage / Preservation

ATTENTION

Damage during storage through moisture or dirt.

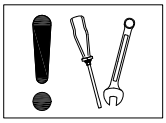


Corrosion and / or contamination of the pump!

- Outside storage requires a watertight cover over pump or over packed pump and accessories.

ATTENTION

Wetted, contaminated or damaged openings and joints.



Leakage or damage of the pump!

- Plugged openings should be uncovered only during installation.

The following measures are recommended for storage of the pump / pump unit:

- Store the pump in a sheltered dry place at normal air humidity of 60%.
- Pump and motor must be decoupled.
- Turn the shaft manually once a month.

New pumps of material GGG (ductile iron) and ferritic cast steel are covered inside with anti-corrosive agent and dewatering-fluid. The maximum inside storage period is 12 months.

If the storage period will be longer than 12 months, Dickow Pumpen must be informed. The pumps need to be treated with a long-term preservation, e.g.nitrogen-preservation.

For storing a pump that has been in operation already, consider chapter 6.6.

4.3 Return of pump

- Drain the pump properly considering chapter 7.3.
- Rinse and clean the pump in general, especially when handling dangerous, explosive, hot or other risky liquids.
- A Document of Compliance completely filled in must always be attached to the pump. Refer to chapter 11.2.

NOTE

If required, a Document of Compliance can be downloaded under www.dickow.de.

http://www.dickow.de/unbedenk.pdf (German)

http://www.dickow.de/unbedenk-en.pdf (English)

4.4 Disposal

WARNING

Liquids dangerous to health

Danger for individuals and environment!

- Collect and dispose rinsing water and residual liquid.
- Wear protective clothing and face mask.
- Consider the legal regulations for disposal of liquids dangerous to health.

1. Disassemble pump / pump unit.
2. Collect grease and oil.
3. Separate pump materials
4. Dispose according to the local regulations.

5. Installation / Mounting

5.1 Safety Instructions

DANGER

Improper installation in explosive area

Danger of explosion!

- Consider the local applicable explosion proof regulations.
- Consider indications on the pump data sheet and on the name tag of pump and motor.

DANGER

Strong magnetic field from the area of the magnet coupling or from single magnets

Danger to life for individuals with pace maker!
Disturbance on magnetic data media, electronic devices, components and instruments!
Uncontrolled attractive force between magnetic components, tools etc. !

- A safe distance of 0,3 m minimum must be maintained.
- Consider additional notes in chapter 2.10.

5.2 Foundation

WARNING

Installation on weak and unstable foundations

Personal injury and material damage!

- Consider sufficient pressure resistance acc. to class C12/15 in Exposure Class XC1 as per EN 206-1.
- Place the pump unit on hardened foundation only.
- Place the pump unit on level and even surfaces only.
- Consider weight indications of dimensional drawing.

5.3 Installation of pump unit

5.3.1 Installation on foundation

1. Place the pump unit on the foundation and align it with a water-level.
   Allowable deviation: 0,2 mm/m
2. Insert shims for height compensation. Always insert them both-sided near the foundation bolts between baseplate and foundation.
3. If the space between the foundation bolts is > 600 mm, insert additional shims in the middle between the foundation bolts.
4. All shims must seat solidly.
5. Hook the foundation bolts into the provided bore.

6. Concrete the foundation bolts.
7. Align the base plate after concrete has hardened.
8. Tighten the foundation bolts evenly.
9. Pour the base plate with vibration-free concrete of normal graining with a water-cement-value (W/Z-value) ≤ 0,5. Provide a pourable consistency by using a mobile solvent. Cure of concrete according to DIN 1045.

5.3.2 Installation without foundation

Installation without foundation requires a solid and even ground.

1. Place the pump unit on stilts and align it with a water-level.
2. For height compensation, loosen screws and counter nuts of stilts.
3. Adjust the nut until available height differences are compensated.
4. Fasten the counter nuts of the stilts.

5.4 Piping

DANGER

Exceedance of the allowable loads at the pump flanges

Danger to life from leaking hot, toxic, caustic or flammable liquids.

- Do not use the pump as an anchor point for piping.
- Support piping before the pump and connect it stress-free.
- Consider allowable flange forces and moments.
- Compensate expansion of the piping in case of high temperatures.

5.4.1 Suction pipe

Layout of suction pipe requires special attention. NPSH Available and NPSH Required must be clearly defined. Pay attention to the following:

- Mounting of elbows close to the pump suction must be avoided. Provide a straight pipe of minimum two suction pipe diameters.
- Never connect a larger suction pipe direct to the pump. Flow eddies reduce the free flow area of the pump. Use an eccentric reducer, consider the figures below.

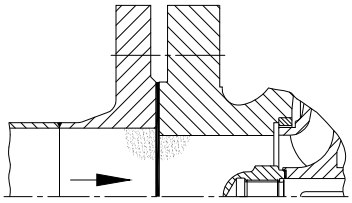


Fig. 7: Flow eddies

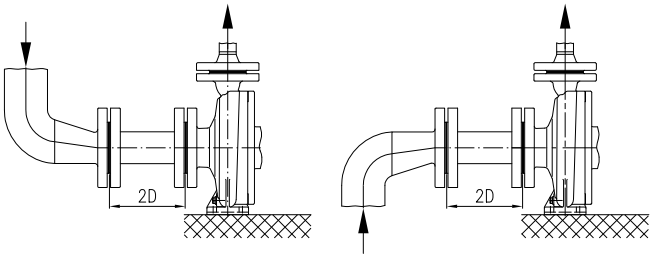
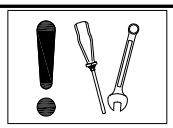


Fig. 8: Reducer connection

- At suction lift conditions, the suction pipe must continuously slope upwards towards pump suction. Avoid air pockets.
- At flooded suction conditions, the suction pipe must slope gradually downwards to the suction flange. Avoid air pockets to ensure a complete venting.
- Maximum flow speed of 2 m/s must not be exceeded.

ATTENTION



Welding beads, scale and other impurities in the piping.

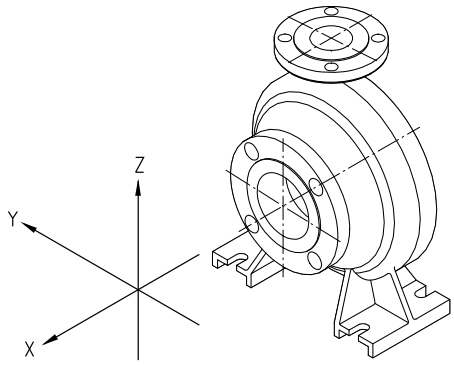
Damage of the pump!

- Piping must be thoroughly cleaned before connecting the pump.
- Remove impurities from the pipes.
- If required, insert a filter.

NOTE

- Use a filter with a mesh width of 0,5mm.
- Insert filter with a surface of minimum triple the pipe section.

5.4.2 Allowable flange forces and moments



Pump size	Suction flange																	
	DN	Fx [N]		Fy [N]		Fz [N]		Σ F [N]		Mx [Nm]		My [Nm]		Mz [Nm]		Σ M [Nm]	
		GGG	GS	GGG	GS	GGG	GS	GGG	GS	GGG	GS	GGG	GS	GGG	GS	GGG	GS
26/125 - 210	40 1 ½"	556	875	490	770	445	700	860	1360	580	910	400	630	470	735	840	1330
32/165 - 250	50 2"	735	1155	670	1050	600	945	1150	1820	625	1022	445	700	515	805	910	1430
40/125 - 320	65 3"	935	1470	825	1295	760	1190	1460	2310	670	1050	490	770	535	840	970	1540
50/125 - 330	80 3"	1115	1750	1000	1575	915	1435	1750	2760	715	1120	515	805	580	910	1040	1640
65/125 – 250	100 4"	1490	2345	1335	2100	1200	1890	2330	3670	780	1225	560	875	645	1015	1150	1820
80/165 – 250	125 6"	1760	2765	1580	2485	1425	2240	2750	4340	935	1470	670	1050	845	1330	1350	2130
100/210	125 6"	1760	2765	1580	2485	1425	2240	2750	4340	935	1470	670	1050	845	1330	1350	2130

Pump size	Discharge flange																	
	DN	Fx [N]		Fy [N]		Fz [N]		Σ F [N]		Mx [Nm]		My [Nm]		Mz [Nm]		Σ M [Nm]	
		GGG	GS	GGG	GS	GGG	GS	GGG	GS	GGG	GS	GGG	GS	GGG	GS	GGG	GS
26/125 - 210	25 1"	335	525	315	490	380	595	570	910	400	630	270	420	315	490	570	910
32/165 - 250	32 1 ½"	400	630	380	595	470	735	730	1150	490	770	335	525	380	595	710	1120
40/125 - 320	40 1 ½"	490	770	445	700	560	875	860	1360	580	910	400	630	470	735	840	1330
50/125 - 330	50 2"	670	1050	600	945	735	1155	1150	1820	625	980	445	700	515	805	910	1430
65/125 – 250	65 3"	825	1295	755	1190	935	1470	1460	2310	670	1050	490	770	535	840	970	1540
80/165 – 250	80 3"	1000	1575	915	1435	1111	1750	1750	2760	715	1120	515	805	580	910	1040	1640
100/210	100 4"	1335	2100	1200	1890	1490	2345	2330	3670	780	1225	560	875	645	1015	1150	1820

Forces and moments are based on 20°C. Temperature dependent correction values are given in the Figure below.

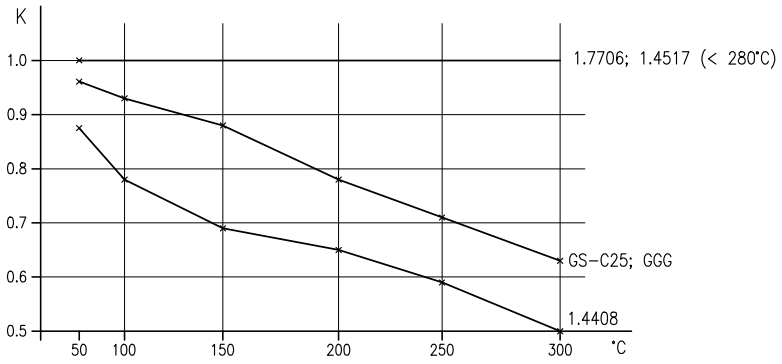


Fig. 9: Temperature correction diagram

In case that not all acting loads reach the maximum allowable values, one of these loads may exceed the limit value under the following provisions:

- Exceedance is limited to 1,4 times the allowable value.
- For the actual forces and moments acting on the flange shall apply:

$$\left(\frac{\Sigma F_{actual}}{\Sigma F_{max.\,allowable}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Sigma M_{actual}}{\Sigma M_{max.\,allowable}}\right)^2 \leq 2$$

5.5 Insulation

WARNING

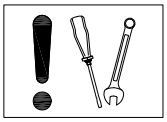
Wetted casing parts adopt the temperature of the pumped liquid.

Risk of burns!

- Insulate casing parts
- Attach protective device

ATTENTION

Heat accumulation in the motor lantern



Bearing damage!

- Do not insulate the motor lantern

5.6 Electrical connection of the pump unit

DANGER

Improper electrical installation

Danger of explosion!

- Electrical installation requires additionally observance of EN 60079-14 or NEC 505.
- Explosion proof motors shall be connected through motor protection switch only

DANGER

Static charge

Danger of explosion!

- Use ground connection for earthing.
- Connect pump unit to foundation with suitable earthing-cable.

DANGER

Working on the pump unit by unqualified personnel

Danger to life through electric shock!

- Electrical connection must be performed by qualified electrician only.
- Regulations IEC 60364 and EN 60079 (Explosion proof) must be considered.

WARNING

Incorrect power connection

Short circuit!

- Adhere to connection conditions of local energy supply companies.

NOTE

Star-Delta starting leads to a high torque increase when switching from star to delta, this can cause decoupling of the magnets. Therefore, star-delta starting is not suitable for magnetic coupled pumps. In order to reduce the starting current, a soft-starter is recommended.

Proceedings:

1. Check for compliance of the available supply voltage with the indications on the motor name tag.
2. Select suitable connection method.
3. Check for identical rotating direction of motor and pump. Consider the rotating direction arrow of the pump!

NOTE

Observe the instruction manual of the motor!

5.6.1 Checking rotating direction

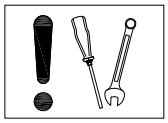
DANGER

Temperature rise through parts touching each other

Danger of explosion!

- Never check rotating direction with dry pump.

ATTENTION



Wrong rotating direction of motor and pump

Damage of the pump!

- Consider the rotating direction arrow on the pump.

1. Start motor briefly. Note rotating direction of the motor.
2. Rotating direction of the motor must comply with the rotating direction arrow on the pump.
3. In case of wrong rotating direction, change the cables in the motor terminal box.

6. Commissioning / Decommissioning

6.1 Commissioning

The following points must be checked prior to start-up:

- The pump unit is correctly electronically connected to all relevant protective devices.
- The pump is filled with liquid.
- Rotating direction has been checked.
- All additional connections are connected and fully functional.
- After a longer standstill period, the measures mentioned in chapter 7 „Maintenance/Servicing/Inspection“ must be considered and performed.

6.1.1 Filling and venting the pump

DANGER

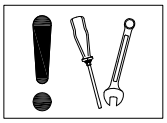
Formation of explosive atmosphere inside the pump
Surface temperatures too high

Danger of explosion!

- The pump must permanently be filled with liquid.
- Appropriate monitoring measures must be provided.

ATTENTION

Operation with empty pump



Damage of sleeve bearing / mechanical seal!

- Pump must always be filled with liquid.
- Provide appropriate monitoring measures.

1. Vent and fill up pump and suction pipe with liquid.
   Pump is selfventing.
2. Open shut-off valve in suction pipe completely
3. Open all additional connections completely (e.g. external circulation, external flush)

6.1.2 Design with heating jacket

Pump casing and/or containment shell with heating jacket.

Permissible heating agent:

- Hot water
- Steam
- Heat transfer oil

Pressure- and temperature limits:

- t_{max} = 200°C
- p_{max} = 25 bar

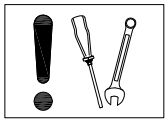
ATTENTION

Elevated surface temperature

Danger of explosion!

- Consider the allowable temperature class.

ATTENTION

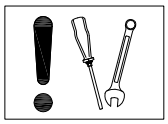


Lack of heating fluid

Damage of the pump!

- Provide sufficient amount of heating fluid.

ATTENTION



Heating period too short

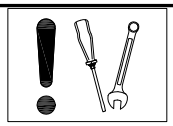
Damage of the pump!

- Consider a sufficient heating period of the pump (approx. 2 hours)
- Check free rotation of the pump shaft.

NOTE

The area between sleeve bearings can be monitored with a PT100.

ATTENTION



Exceedance of the allowable heating fluid temperature

Leak of pumped liquid or heating agent!

- Consider the application limits for pressure and temperature.

6.1.3 Starting the pump

DANGER

Exceedance of allowable pressure- and temperature limits

Danger of explosion! Leakage of hot or toxic liquid

- Never operate pump with closed shut-off valves in suction and/or discharge pipe.
- Start-up pump unit only against partially opened shut-off valve on discharge side.

DANGER

Elevated temperature through dry run

Danger of explosion!

- Never operate pump in empty condition.
- Always fill up pump properly.
- Operate pump only within the allowable operating range.

1. Open shut-off valve completely in suction pipe.
2. Open shut-off valve partially in discharge pipe.
3. Switch on the motor. Pay attention to the synchronicity of pump and motor. Decoupling leads to low differential head and noise in the magnetic coupling.
4. When the pressure gauge indicates pressure, open shut-off valve on discharge side until the duty point is reached.

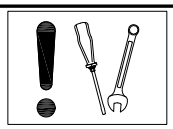
DANGER

Elevated temperature through decoupling of the magnet coupling

Danger of explosion!

- Switch off pump unit immediately.
- Eliminate cause of malfunction.

ATTENTION



Operation without liquid

Damage of sleeve bearings!

- Pump must always be filled with liquid.
- Provide appropriate monitoring measures.

6.2 Operating the pump

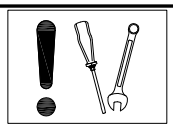
WARNING

High surface temperatures through hot liquids

Risk of burns!

- Avoid touching the pump surface.
- Wear protective clothing.

ATTENTION



Abnormal noises, vibrations, temperatures or leakage

Damage of the pump!

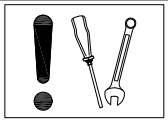
- Switch off the pump immediately.
- Only restart the pump unit after cause of trouble has been eliminated.

6.3 Impeller trimming

The impellers are hydraulically balanced in order to reduce the thrust load. Additional to the wear rings, thrust load balance is done individually or in combination with

- Back vanes
- Balancing holes
- Injection slots

ATTENTION



Improper impeller trimming

Damage of sleeve bearing through incorrect thrust load balance!

- Impeller trimming shall be done only after consultation with Dickow Pumpen.

6.4 Operating limits

DANGER

Exceedance of operating limits regarding pressure, temperature and speed

Danger of explosion! Leaking hot or toxic liquid!

- Maintain the allowable service conditions specified in the pump data sheet.
- Avoid operation against closed shut-off valve.
- Never operate pump at a temperature higher than specified in the pump data sheet.

6.4.1 Flow rate

If not stated otherwise in the pump data sheet, the following applies:

Q_{min} = 0,25 x Q_{BEP}

Q_{max} = 1,2 x Q_{BEP}

6.4.2 Switching frequencies

DANGER

Elevated surface temperature of the motor

Danger of explosion!

- When using explosion proof motors, consider the information in the motor manual regarding switching frequencies.

The switching frequencies are defined by the maximum temperature rise of the motor and depend on the power reserve of the motor during operation and on the starting conditions.

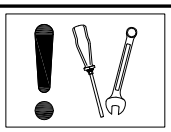
NOTE

Read instruction manual of motor manufacturer !

6.4.3 Abrasive liquids or solids

If products containing abrasive solids are handled, increased wear is expected.
The inspection intervals in this regard must be shorter than the usual ones.

ATTENTION



Magnetic particles in the pumped liquid

Damage of the magnet coupling!

- Take appropriate measures to keep the containment shell area free of magnetic particles.
- If magnet filter is used, provide differential pressure measurement

6.5 Switching off the pump

1. Keep shut-off valve in suction pipe open.
2. Close shut-off valve in discharge pipe.
3. Switch off the motor and watch for steady run down.

NOTE

In case a non-return valve is installed in the discharge pipe, the shut-off valve can remain open. A counter pressure must be available.

For a longer standstill period, the following must be observed:

- Liquids which tend to polymerization, crystallization or solidification, must be drained completely.
- If required, rinse the pump with a suitable liquid.
- Close shut-off valve in the suction pipe.
- Flush connections must be closed.

6.6 Decommissioning

The pump unit remains in the piping:

- Provide sufficient amount of liquid for the test runs.
- Switch on the pump unit regularly monthly or quarterly.

The pump unit will be dismantled and stored:

- Empty the pump properly.
- Observe the safety instructions acc. to chapter 7.1 / 7.3.
- Spray the inside of the pump casing with preservation agent. Not required for stainless steel pumps.
- Spray preservation agent through suction and discharge flange.
- Plug suction and discharge flanges, e.g. with plastic caps.
- Lubricate all unpainted outside surfaces of the pump with oil and grease free of silicone. Not required for stainless steel pumps.
- Pay attention to additional notes in chapter 4.2.

7. Maintenance / Servicing / Inspection

7.1 Safety regulations

DANGER

Improper maintained pump unit

Danger of explosion!

- Maintain the pump unit regularly
- Establish a maintenance schedule

DANGER

Strong magnetic field in the area of magnet coupling or single magnets

Danger to life for individuals with cardiac pacemakers!

Disruption of magnetic data medium, electric devices, components and instruments!

Uncontrolled attractive force between magnetic components, tools etc.!

- A safe distance of minimum 0,3 m must be maintained..

WARNING

Unintentional switching-on of the pump unit

Risk of injury through moving components!

- Works on the pump unit may only be done at disconnected electricity.
- Secure the pump unit against unintentional switch-on.

WARNING

Hot liquids

Risk of injury!

- Let the pump unit cool down to ambient temperature.

WARNING

Liquids dangerous to health

Risk of injury!

- Consider legal requirements.
- Take safety measures for individuals and environment when draining the pumped liquid.
- Decontaminate the pumps.

WARNING

Lack of stability

Squeezing of hands and feet!

- When assembling or disassembling the pump/pump unit, secure it against tipping and falling.

The user must assure that maintenance, inspection and assembly is performed by qualified personnel. These persons must have studied this operating manual comprehensively.

A maintenance schedule needs a minimum of effort and may avoid expensive repairs.
Any use of force on the pump unit must be avoided.

7.2 Operating surveillance

DANGER

Elevated surface temperature through hot running motor bearings

Danger of explosion / Firehazard!

- Check motor bearings regularly for running noise.

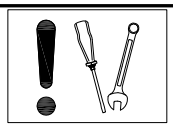
DANGER

High surface temperature in the area of magnet rotor cover (part 160)

Danger of explosion! / Fire hazard!

- Check proper condition of antifriction bearings regulary.

ATTENTION

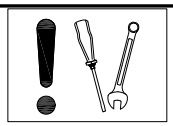


Wear caused by dry run

Damage oft the pump!

- Never operate an empty pump.
- Never close the shut-off valve in suction pipe during operation.

ATTENTION



Exceedance of the allowable liquid temperature

Damage of the pump!

- Operation against closed discharge valve on pressure side is not allowed.
- Consider the temperature indications in the pump data sheet.

The following requires regular checking during operation:

- The pump must always run steady and vibration-free.
- Check motor bearings for running noise. Vibrations, noises and increased power consumption are signs of wear.
- Clean the filter in the suction pipe regularly.

7.2.1 Lubrication of sleeve bearings

Sleeve bearings require a stable liquid film. Checking of wear must be done:

- after dry run or cavitation.
- when vibrations, noises and power consumption are increasing.

7.3 Drainage and Disposal

WARNING

Pumped liquids dangerous to life

Endangering for individuals and environment!

- Collect flushing liquid and possible residual liquid and dispose it.
- Wear protective clothing and face masks.
- Consider legal requirements concerning disposal of liquids.

Drainage of pumped liquids through the drain plugs at the casing, through a connected shut-off valve or through a flange.
Mode of drainage and position can be taken from the dimensional drawing!

7.4 Disassembly of pump unit

7.4.1 General instructions

- Pay attention to safety instructions of chapter 7.1.
- Working on the motor requires observance of the documentation provided by the motor manufacturer.
- Consider the sectional drawings when disassembling.
- In case of damage, our service department can be contacted.

DANGER

Working on the pump unit without sufficient preparation

Risk of injury!

- Switch off the pump unit properly.
- Close shut-off valves on suction and discharge side.
- Drain and depressurize the pump.
- Flush connections must be closed.
- Let the pump unit cool down to ambient temperature.

WARNING

Improper handling and lifting of heavy components

Personal injury and material damage!

- For handling heavy components use appropriate means of transport, lifting gears and slings.

7.4.2 Removal of driver

1. Disconnect the motor.
2. Loosen the hold down bolts of the motor from baseplate.
3. Loosen hexagon nuts 920.7.
4. Pull off the motor with motor lantern 341 and drive rotor 818.1.

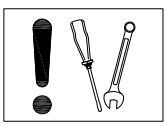
WARNING

Tilting the motor

Squeezing of hands and feet!

- Secure the motor by lifting or bracing.

ATTENTION



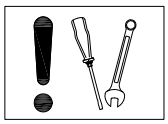
Outer magnets are touching the containment shell

Damage of containment shell or outer magnets!

- Use guide rods.

7.4.3 Tools

ATTENTION **Wrong disassembly and assembly tools**



Damage of components!

- Use special tools.

In order to facilitate disassembly and assembly as well as to improve protection of sensitive components, the following special tools shall be used:

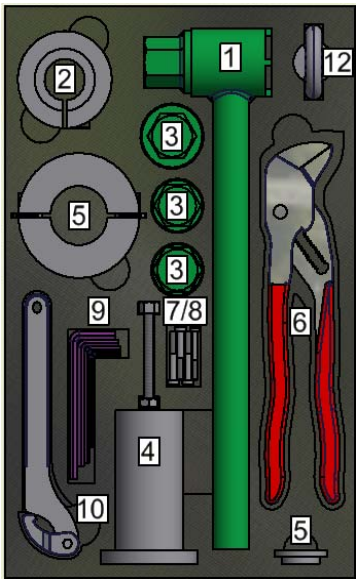


Fig. 10: special tool frame 0 / I

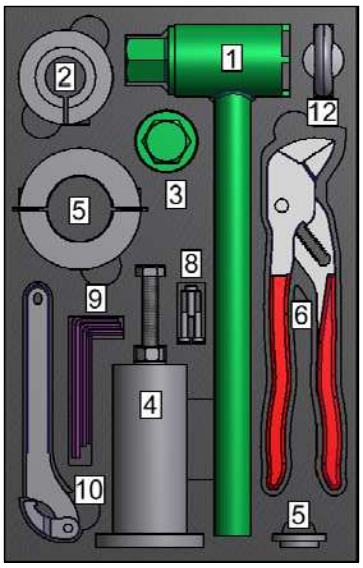


Fig. 11: special tool frame II

	Designation	Dimensions / size / dwg.No.		for part No	Notes
		Lt. 0 / I	Lt. II		
1.	Socket wrench / adapter unit	60.807	60.808		only for NML
2.	Disassembling sleeve	60.1903	60.1903	524	
3.	Socket wrench	60.863 (Lt. 0)	60.670	921.1	
		60.670 (Lt. I)			
		60.2352 (Lt. 0)		921.3	
4.	Assembly tool	60.1885	60.1886	321/213	only for NML/NMR
5.	Puller incl. Jack plate	60.2094 / 60.1883	60.2095 / 60.1883	322	only for NMR
6.	Knipex-plier wrench	46 mm / 1 ¾ "	46 mm / 1 ¾ "	940	
7.	Inner hexagon cap screw	M4 x 35		940.3	
8.	Inner hexagon cap screw	3x M5 x 35	3x M5 x 35	310	
9.	Hex wrench	Größe 3, 4, 5, 6	Größe 4, 5, 6		
10.	Hook spanner with nib	35 - 60	35 - 60	921.2	
11.	Inner hexagon cap screw				only for frame III-IV
12.	Ring screw	M8	M12	Lagerträger	only for NML/NMR

7.4.4 Disassembly of rotating unit

1. Loosen the motor hold down bolts from base plate.
2. Loosen hexagon nut 920.2.
3. Press the complete rotating unit out off the volute casing 102 by using jack screws.
4. Pull the unit out off the casing and place it beside.

WARNING

Tilting the rotating unit

Squeezing of hands and feet!

- Secure the rotating unit by lifting or bracing.

7.4.5 Disassembly of motor lantern / drive rotor

The works according to chapter 7.4.2 are completed.

1. Loosen inner hexagon cap screw 914.11.
2. Pull off retaining ring 506 and drive rotor 818.1.
3. Loosen inner hexagon cap screws 914.13.
4. Pull off motor lantern 341.
5. If available, loosen inner hexagon cap screws 914.14 and pull off the intermediate flange 982.

7.4.6 Disassembly of interchangeable unit

The works according to chapter 7.4.2 are completed.

1. Loosen hexagon nuts 920.2
2. Press the complete interchangeable unit (= from impeller to containment shell) out off the volute casing 102 by using jack screws.
3. Pull the unit out off the casing and place it beside.

7.4.7 Disassembly of impeller

The works according to chapter 7.4.4 are completed.

1. Clamp the impeller.
2. Loosen impeller nut 922 respectively shaft nut 921.3 (frame size 0) – (right hand thread). Use a socket wrench for frame 0 – see chapter 7.4.3.
3. Pull off the impeller from pump shaft.

7.4.8 Disassembly of rotor and sleeve bearing

The works according to chapter 7.4.2 are completed.

WARNING

Possibly available residues of pumped liquid

Danger for individuals and environment!

- Wear protective clothing.

1. Loosen and remove inner hexagon cap screw 914.7.
2. Loosen the containment shell by using jack screws.
3. Loosen hexagon nut 920.2.
4. Separate volute casing 102 from bearing housing 350 by using jack screws.

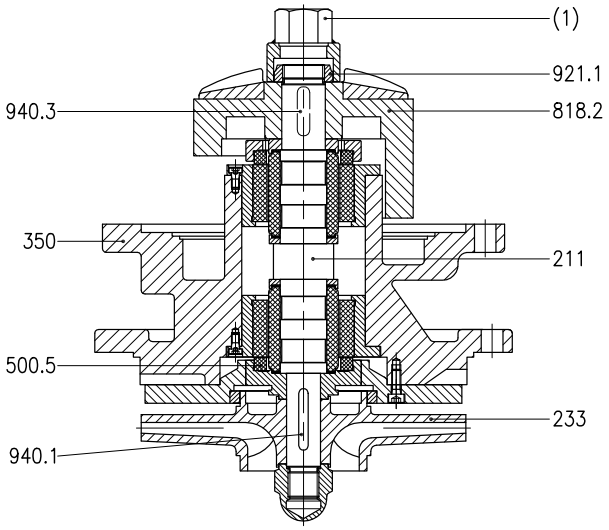


Fig. 12: Frame size I - II

5. Disassemble impeller 233 according to chapter 7.4.7.
6. Remove key 940.1 and pull off the start-up ring 500.5.
7. Pull the pump shaft unit out off the bearing housing unit.
8. Reinsert the key 940.1 and press it in by using a Knipex-plier wrench.
9. Clamp the pump shaft unit in a jaw chuck.
10. Loosen the shaft nut 921.1 by socket wrench (1) – see chapter 7.4.3 (left hand thread).
11. Pull off the rotor 818.2.

WARNING

Axial magnetic forces

Danger of squeezing fingers and hands !

- Use non-magnetic tools only.
- Never place the rotor 818.2 near magnetic components.

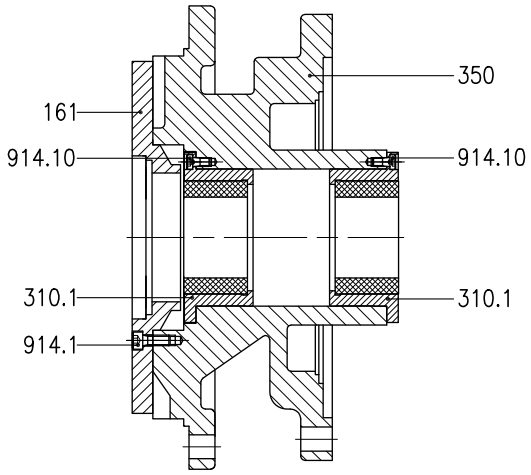


Fig. 13: Bearing housing unit

12. Loosen inner hexagon cap screws 914.1 and remove casing cover 161 (only frame I-III).
13. Loosen inner hexagon cap screws 914.10.
14. Remove stationary sleeve bearings 310.1.

7.4.9 Disassembly of shaft sleeve

The works according to chapter 7.4.8 are completed.

WARNING

Possibly available residues of pumped liquid

Danger for individuals and environment

- Wear protective clothing

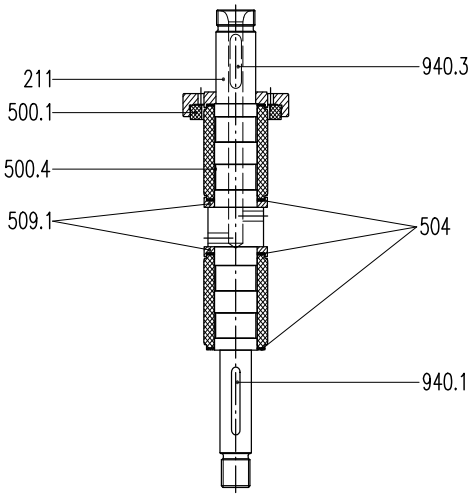


Fig. 14: Pump shaft unit

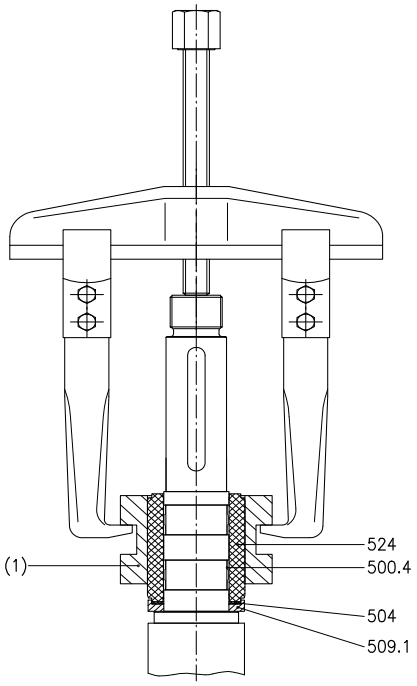


Fig. 15: Disassembling sleeve

1. Clamp the pump shaft unit at the key 940.1 in a jaw chuck.

2. Remove key 940.3 with inner hexagon cap screw by hex-wrench – see chapter 7.4.3.
3. Pull off the start-up ring 500.1.
4. Fit the disassembling sleeve (1) – see chapter 7.4.3 – to the shaft sleeve 524 and tighten it.
5. Fit the puller and remove the shaft sleeve.
6. Remove tolerance ring 500.4 and intermediate ring 509.1.

7.5 Inspection

7.5.1 Impeller / Wear ring

The surfaces in the wear ring area may not have any visible grooves. Diameters of surfaces have to be measured. The total clearance in new condition is 0,6 mm. If the clearance exceeds 0,8 mm, the wear rings must be replaced.

7.5.2 Magnet assembly

Driven rotor 818.2
Surface must be free of cracks and bulges. Check parallelism by a bevelled steel edge.

Drive rotor 818.1
Replace outer magnets if mechanical or chemical damage is visible.

Torque capacity
Torques of new magnets are stated in the table below. Magnet length according to pump data sheet or name tag. For magnets in operation a devaluation of 10% is allowed. Bigger devaluation requires exchange of magnet coupling.

Frame size	Magnet length [mm]	Torque [Nm]
0	18	19
	36	38
I / II	20	41
	30	63
	40	90
	50	115
	60	138
II	70	165
	80	190
	90	210
	100	235
	110	260
	120	280

7.5.3 SiC-Sleeve bearings / Shaft sleeves

Measure the diameters of the sliding surfaces. The total clearance in new condition is as follows:

frame 0 = 0,184 mm
frame I / II = 0,194 mm

Replace sleeve bearings if the mentioned clearances are exceeded.
The axial clearance between the start-up rings is 1,0 – 1,6 mm.

7.6 Assembly of pump unit

7.6.1 General instructions

- Consider the safety instructions of chapter 7.1.
- Consider the sectional drawings for assembly.
- Use new gaskets only.
- Mount gaskets without lubricants.
- Do not use assembling aid when mounting the gaskets. If necessary, use customary contact adhesive. Never use superglue.
- Lubricate fittings and screw joints with graphite or similar lubricant. Lubricants must be compatible with the pumped liquid.
- Tighten all screws properly. Consider chapter 7.7.
- When mounting the shaft sleeve, use new tolerance rings only.

WARNING

Hitting of rotor against containment shell or of containment shell against coupling half through magnetic forces

Damage of magnets and bearing! Risk of injury!

- Strictly follow the assembling instructions.

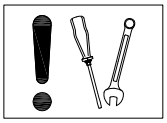
WARNING

Improper handling and lifting of heavy components

Personal injury and material damage!

- For handling heavy components, use appropriate means of transport, lifting gears and slings.

ATTENTION

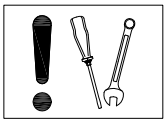


Unprofessional assembly

Damage of the pump!

- Assemble pumps / pump units under consideration of the general rules of engineering.
- Only use original spare parts.

ATTENTION



Improper mounting

Damage of outer magnet coupling!

- Use guide rods.

The following must be checked prior to assembly:

- All dismantled parts shall be cleaned and checked for wear.
- Damaged or worn out parts must be replaced by original spare parts.
- All sealing surfaces shall be cleaned.

7.6.2 Assembly of shaft sleeve

1. Slide the intermediate ring 509.1 and a new distance ring 504 up to the shaft collar.
2. Insert new tolerance rings 500.4 into the keyways.
3. Fit the disassembling sleeve – see chapter 7.4.3 – to the shaft sleeve and fasten it.
4. Spray the pump shaft in the area of the tolerance rings with graphite.
5. Press the pump shaft with a press- or drilling spindle into the shaft sleeve
6. Slide on the start-up ring 500.1 and a new distance ring 504.
7. Insert key 940.3 and press it in by using Knipex-plier wrench.

7.6.3 Assembly of rotor and sleeve bearing

The works according to chapter 7.6.2 are completed.

1. Fasten the stationary sleeve bearings 310 with inner hexagon cap screws 914.10 to the bearing housing 350.
2. Fasten the casing cover 161 with inner hexagon cap screws 914.1 to the bearing housing 350 (only frame I-III).
3. Insert the key 940.1 into the pump shaft and press it in by using a Knipex-plier wrench.
4. Clamp the pump shaft unit in a jaw chuck.
5. Slide on the rotor 818.2
6. Tighten the shaft nut 921.1 by socket wrench – see chapter 7.4.3 – (left hand thread).
7. Unclamp the pump shaft unit and remove again the key 940.1.
8. Push the pump shaft unit into the bearing housing unit.

WARNING

Axial magnetic forces

Danger of squeezing fingers and hands!

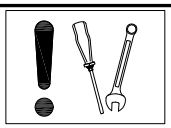
- Use non-magnetic tools.
- Never place the rotor 818.2 near magnetic components.

9. Slide on start-up ring 500.5 and new distance ring 504.
10. Reinsert and press the key 940.1 into the pump shaft.
11. Mount the impeller according to chapter 7.6.4.
12. Insert the bearing housing unit into the volute casing 102. Use a new gasket 400.5.
13. Tighten the hexagon nut 920.2 by a torque wrench.
14. Fit the containment shell, use a new gasket 400.13.
15. Tighten the inner hexagon cap screws 914.7 at the containment shell by a torque wrench.

7.6.4 Assembly of impeller

1. Slide the impeller onto the pump shaft.
2. Tighten the impeller nut 922 respectively the shaft nut 921.3 (frame 0) with a torque wrench (right hand thread). Use a socket wrench for frame 0 – see chapter 7.4.3.

ATTENTION



Missing Heli-Coil insert

Impeller nut loose!

- Make sure that impeller nut 922 is provided with Heli-Coil insert.

7.6.5 Assembly of motor lantern / drive rotor

1. If available, fit the intermediate flange 982 to the motor flange and fasten it with inner hexagon cap screws 914.14.
2. Fit the motor lantern 341 and fasten it with inner hexagon cap screws 914.13.
3. Push the drive rotor 818.1 onto the motor shaft.
4. Insert the retaining ring 506 into the hub bore hole of the drive rotor and fasten it with inner hexagon cap screw 914.11.

7.6.6 Assembly of interchangeable unit

Perform the working steps according to chapter 7.6.7 and 7.6.8.

7.6.7 Assembly of rotating unit

WARNING

Tilting the rotating unit

Squeezing of hands and feet!

- Secure rotating unit by lifting or bracing.

1. Slide the rotating unit into the volute casing.
2. Use new gasket 400.5.
3. Tighten hexagon nut 920.2 by a torque wrench.

7.6.8 Motor assembly

The works according to chapter 7.6.3 and 7.6.5 are completed.

1. Push the bearing housing unit (= interchangeable unit = from impeller to containment shell) into the volute casing.
2. Use new gasket 400.5.
3. Tighten hexagon nuts 920.2 by torque wrench.
4. Fit the motor unit via the guide rods to the bearing housing.

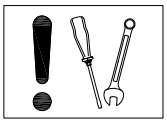
WARNING

Tilting the pump

Squeezing of hands and feet!

- Secure the pump by lifting or bracing.

ATTENTION



Outer magnets are touching the containment shell

Damage of containment shell or outer magnets!

- Use guide rods.

5. Tighten hexagon nuts 920.7 by torque wrench.

7.7 Bolt Torques

	Bolt torque [Nm]			
	8.8		A4-70	
	standard bolts	expansion bolts	standard bolts	expansion bolts
M5	5	-	4	-
M6	9	-	6	-
M8	22	-	16	-
M10	45	-	30	-
M12	80	55	55	40
M16	195	145	135	100
M20	370	280	260	195

Calculation basis:

- 80% Yield strength utilisation of screw material.
- Friction coefficient μ = 0,14 ; use screw lubricant for threads and head / nut contact surface. Recommended: Klüber-paste HEL 46-450.
- Torque controlled tightening by torque wrench.

NOTE

Deviating bolt torques are indicated in the pump data sheet.

Bolt torque for screwed plugs (independent of material):

- G 1/4 = 25 Nm
- G 3/8 = 45 Nm
- G 1/2 = 75 Nm

Bolt torque for containment shell screws 914.7 = 40 Nm.

Bolt torque for impeller nut 922 and shaft nut 921 (independent of material):

frame size	922		921 – Bolt torque [Nm]	
	Bolt torque [Nm]	Wrench size	M20 x 1,5	M27 x 1,5
0		---	80	---
I	100	32	---	90
II	120	41	---	90

8. Troubleshooting

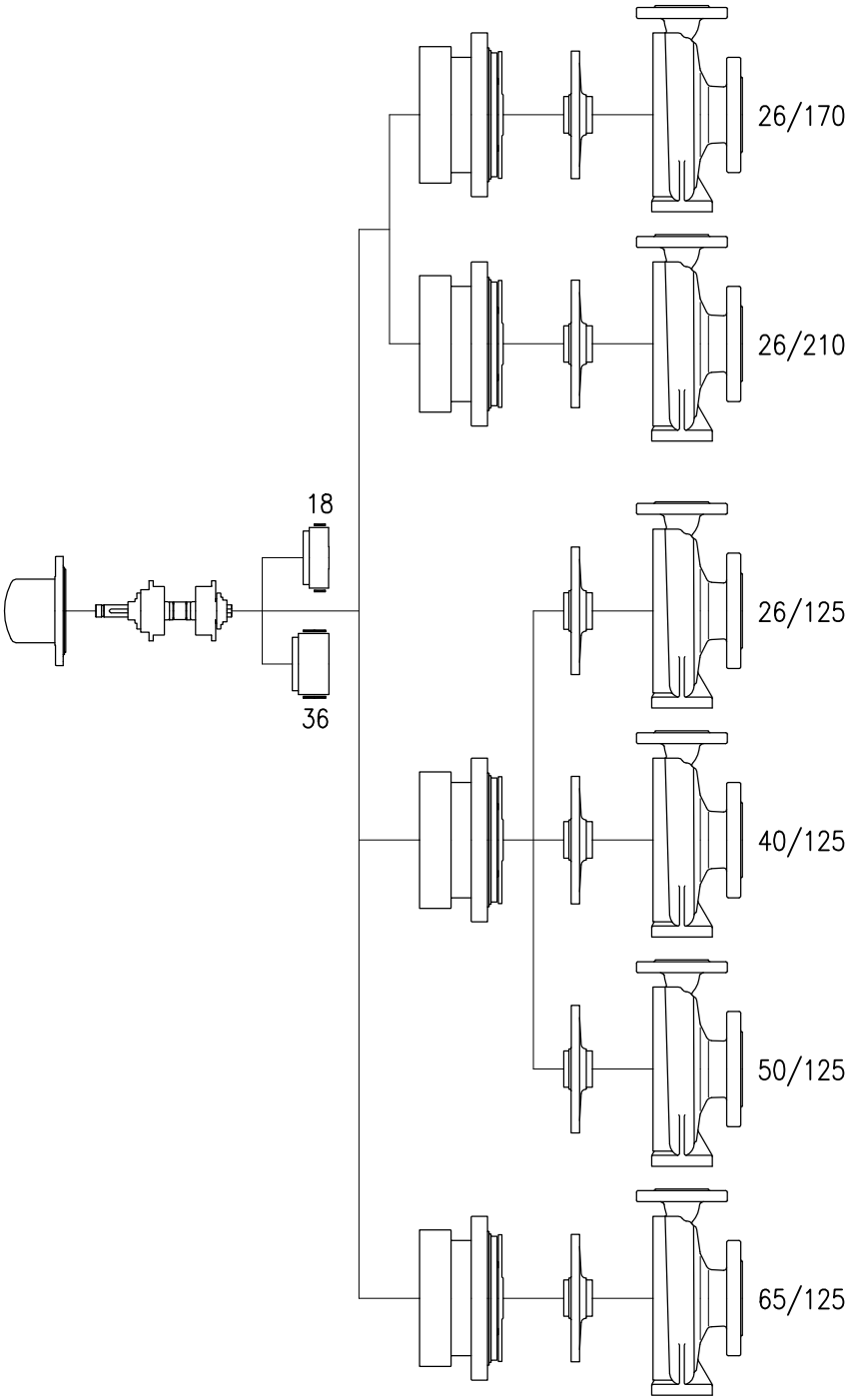
Failure	Number
Pump delivers no or not enough liquid	1
Motor is overloaded	2
Bearing temperature too high	3
Pump is leaking	4
Increased noises and vibrations	5
Inadmissible temperature increase	6
Sleeve bearing damage	7

Failure number							Problem	Elimination
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
X				X	X		Pump or piping not completely vented or filled	Venting respectively filling
X							Shut-off valve in suction line not completely opened	Open shut-off valve
X							Air pockets in piping system	Correct piping layout Install vent valve
X							Wrong rotating direction	Exchange 2 phases of power supply
X	X						Counter pressure of the pump is higher than specified	Readjust the duty point by discharge valve Increase speed Install a larger impeller
X	X				X		Viscosity of pumped liquid is higher than specified	Consult the factory
X				X			Counter pressure of the pump is lower than specfied	Trim the impeller Readjust the duty point by discharge valve
X				X	X	X	NPSHA too low	Check liquid level in suction line Improve NPSHR with inducer Reduce resistances in suction line Open shut-off valve in suction line completely
	X						Wrong speed	Check speed
		X		X			Pump stressed by piping	Check piping connections and pump mounting
				X		X	Unbalance of rotating parts, e.g. impeller	Balance the parts
			X				Casing screws and screwed plugs loose	Tighten the screws and plugs Renew gaskets
X							Motor is bigger than nominal capacity of magnet coupling	Install smaller motor Consult the factory

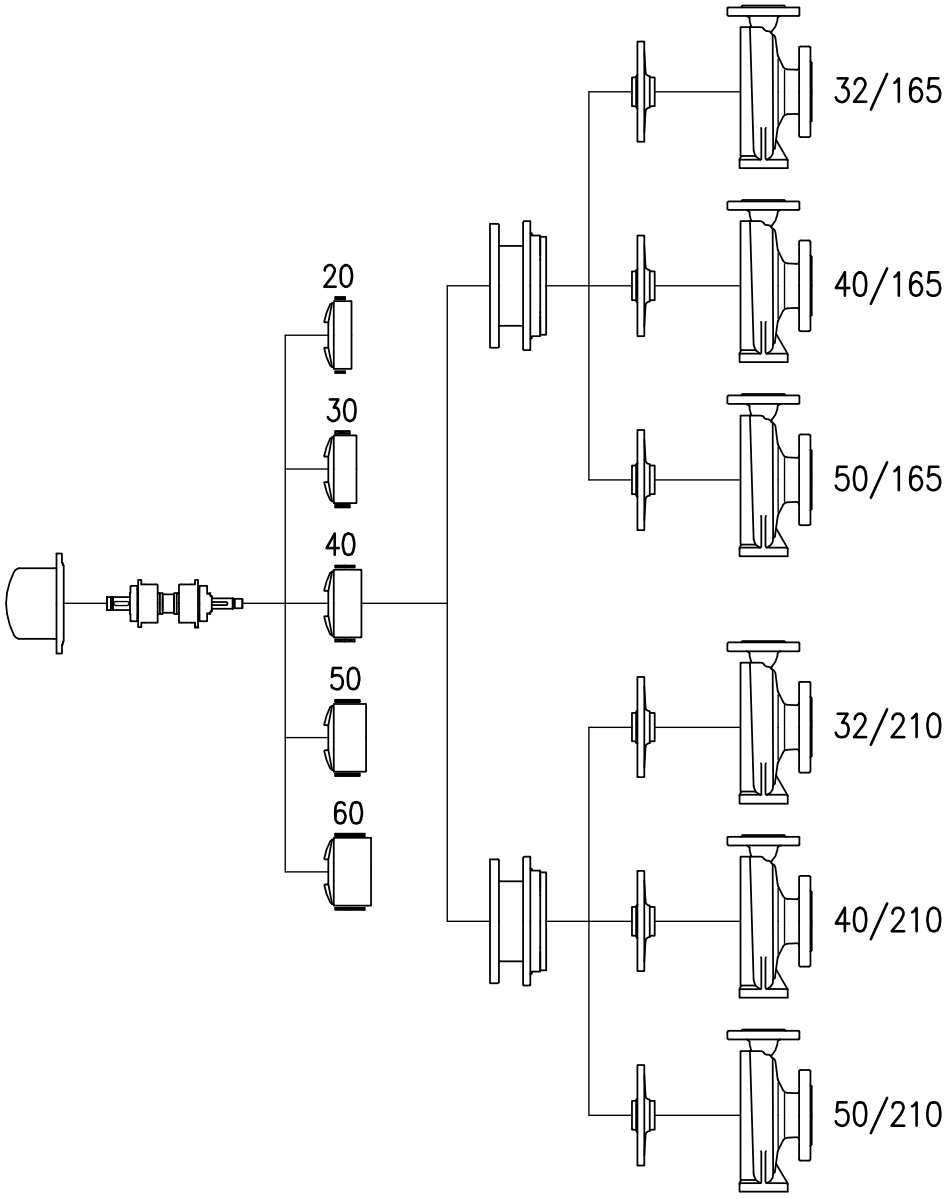
Failure number							Problem	Elimination
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
X							Star delta starting	Consult the factory
X					X	X	Torque of magnet coupling devalued	Check torque
				X	X	X	Rated flow too low	Increase flow rate
X				X	X		Magnet coupling decoupled	Shut down the motor and restart Check start-up safety Consult the factory
				X		X	Increased thrust load	Check wear ring clearance Consult the factory
					X	X	Boiling point exceedance in containment shell area	Temperature monitor on containment shell Increase pressure in containment shell Increase minimum capacity
					X	X	Internal circulation interrupted	Repair required

9. Interchangeability

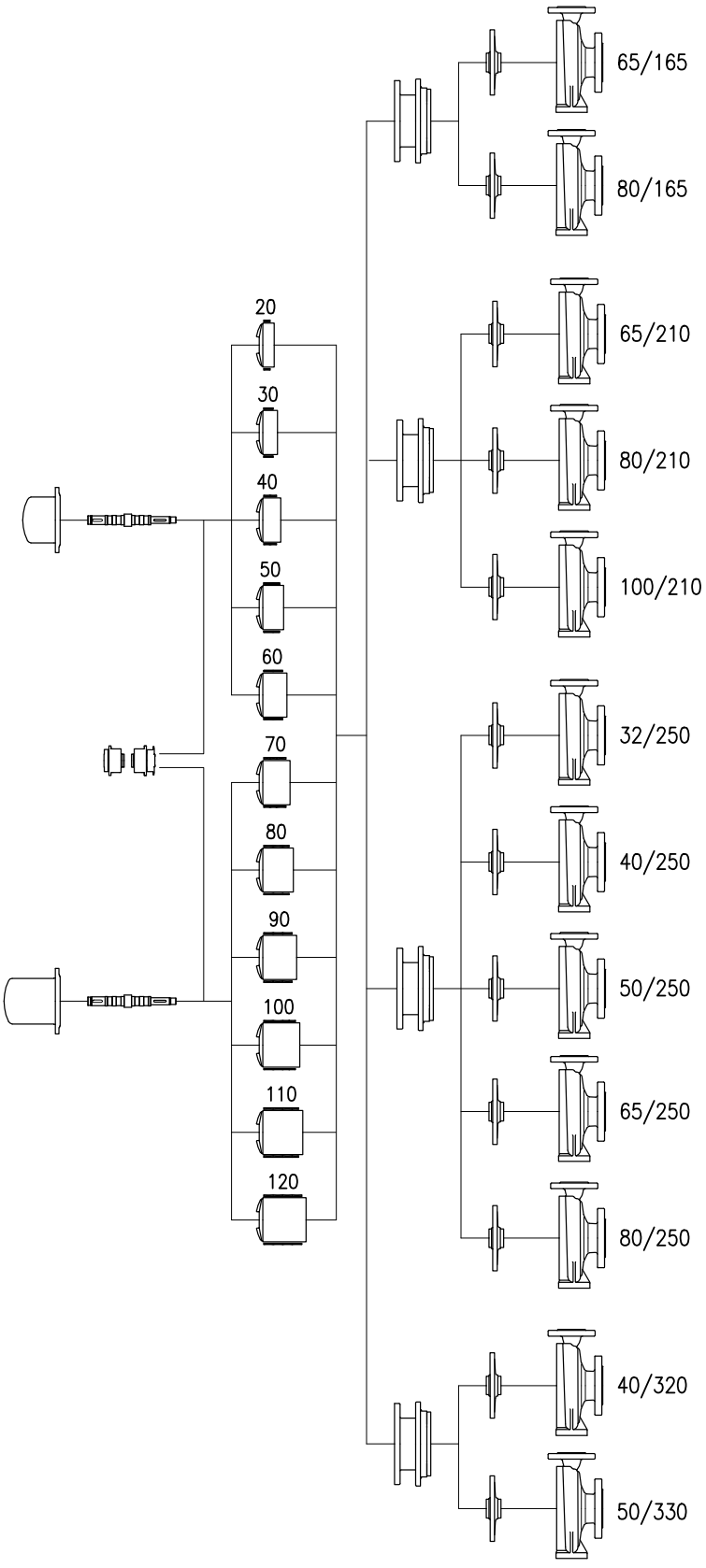
9.1 Frame size 0



9.2 Frame size I

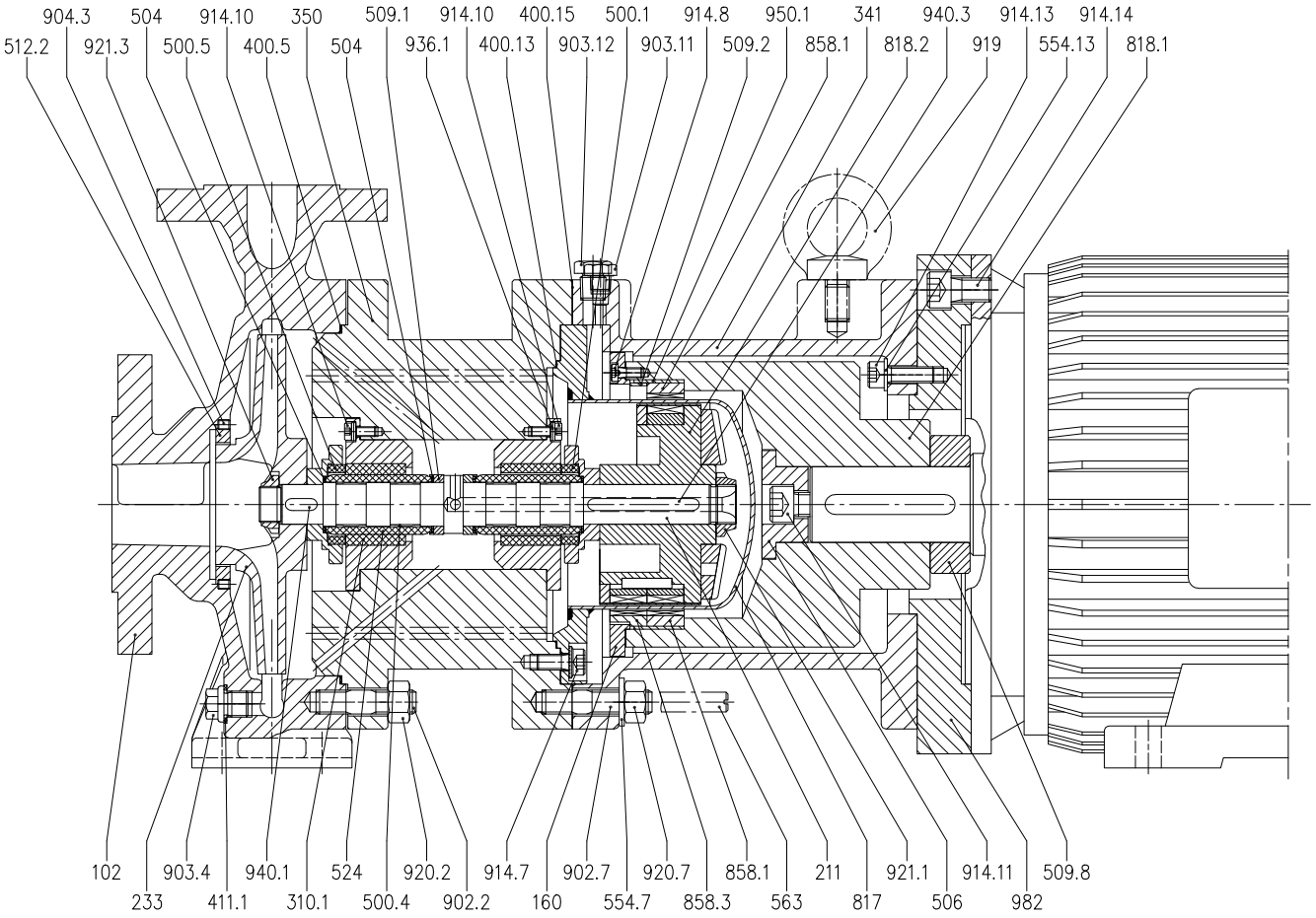


9.3 Frame size II



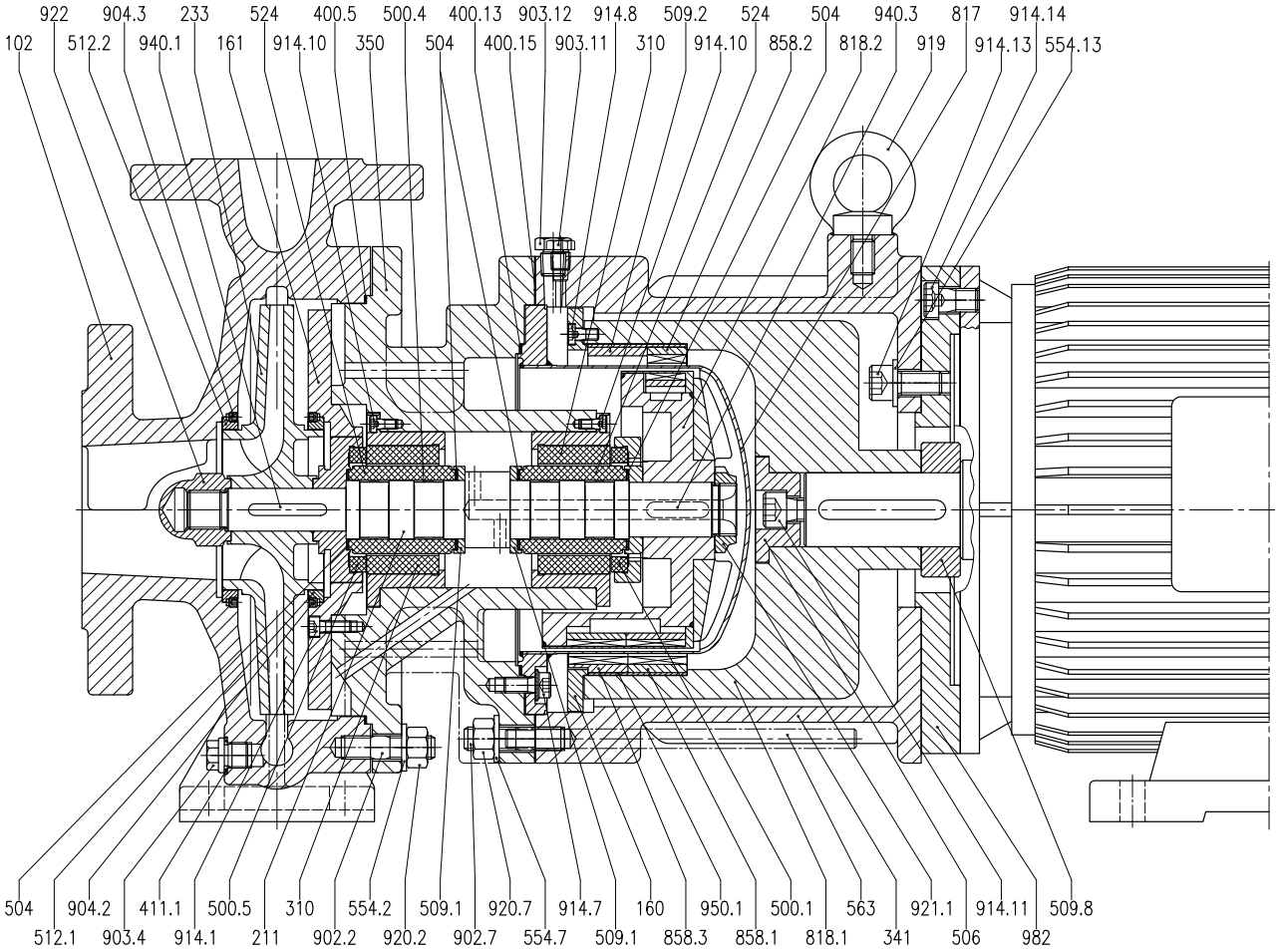
10. Sectional drawing

10.1 Frame size 0



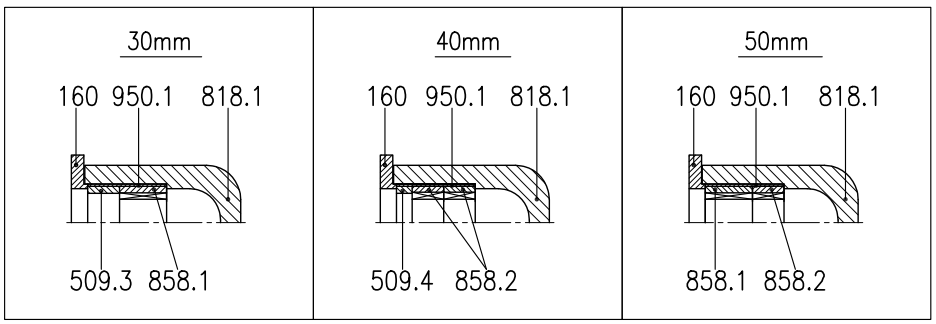
Sectional drawing NMB frame size 0
Top magnet coupling = 18 mm magnet length
Bottom magnet coupling = 36 mm magnet length

10.2 Frame size I

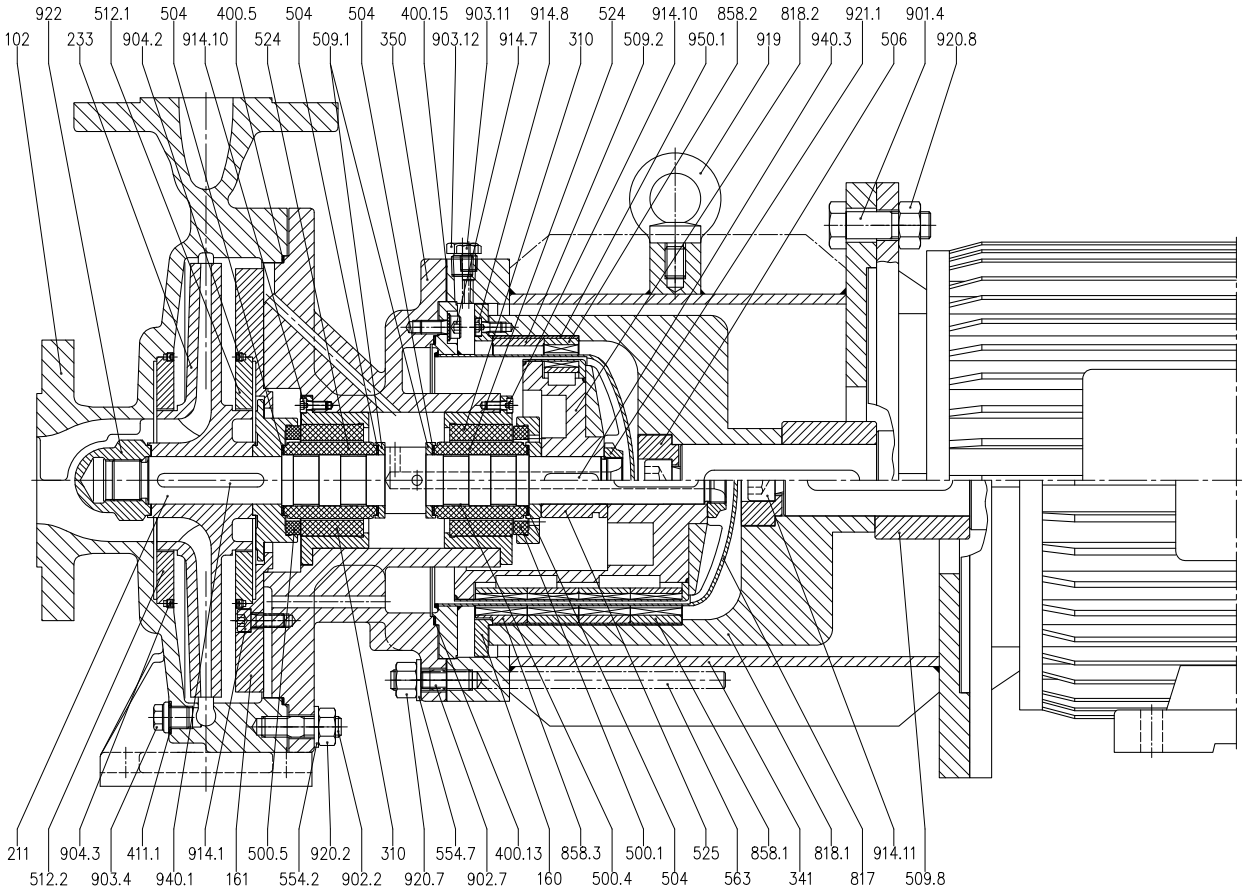


Sectional drawing NMB frame size I
Top magnet coupling = 20 mm magnet length
Bottom magnet coupling = 60 mm magnet length

Further possible magnet arrangements:

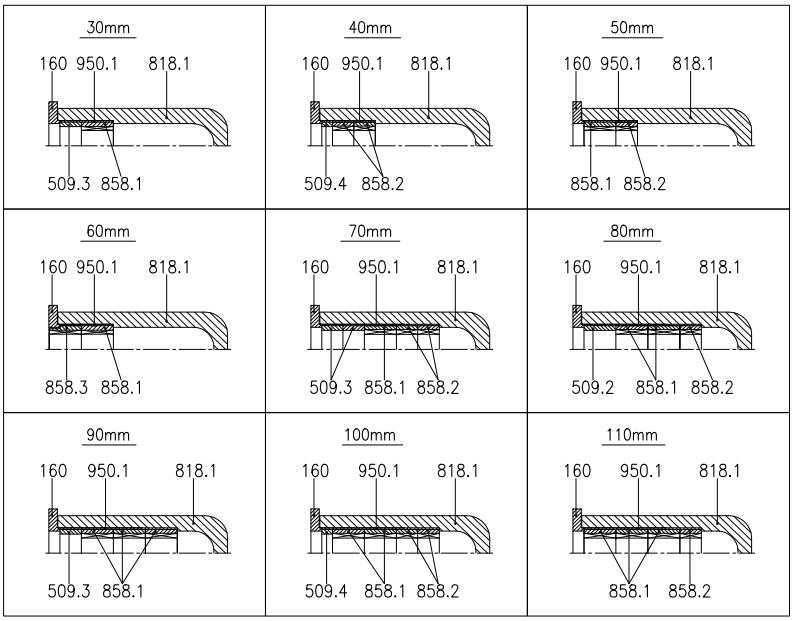


10.3 Frame size II



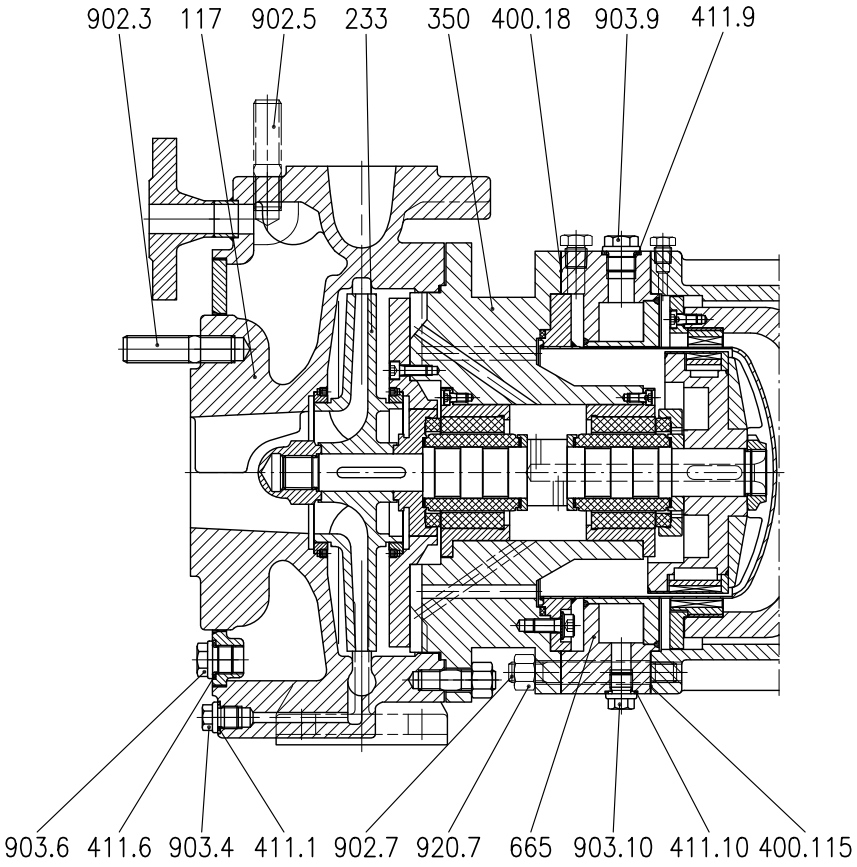
Sectional drawing NMB frame size II
Top magnet coupling = 20 mm magnet length
Bottom magnet coupling = 120 mm magnet length

Further possible magnet arrangements:

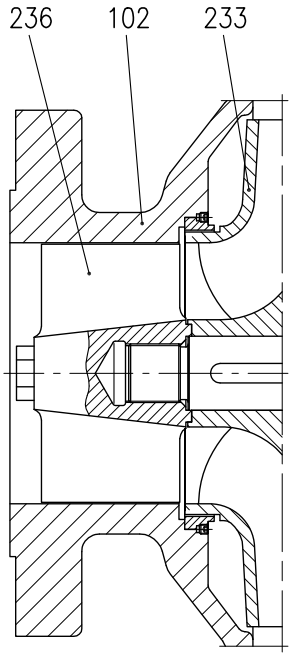


10.4 Special designs

10.4.1 Design with heating jacket



10.4.2 Inducer



11. Certificates

11.1 EC-Declaration of Conformity

EC-Declaration of Conformity

according to EC-Machinery Directive 2006/42/EG, Annex II, No. 1A

DICKOW PUMPEN GmbH & Co. KG
Siemensstraße 22
D-84478 Waldkraiburg

Herewith we declare that the pump unit described in the data sheet

Designation	:	Volute casing pump
Type:		NMB
Size:		
Design:		
Serial No.:		

is in compliance with all relevant provisions of the EC-Machinery Directive 2006/42/EG.

Applied harmonized standards:

EN 809:1998+A1:2009+AC:2010
EN ISO 12100:2010
EN 12162:2001+A1:2009
EN 953:1997+A1:2009
EN ISO 12732-1:2008
EN ISO 12732-3:2008
EN ISO 20361:2009

Additionally applied standards and technical specifications:

EN ISO 15783:2003+A1:2008
EN ISO 9906:2012
VDMA 24276:2001

Waldkraiburg, _____

(Jürgen Konrad, Head of Technical Dept. at DICKOW)

the responsible person is authorized to compile the technical documentation

11.2 Document of Compliance

DICKOW PUMPEN	**Document of Compliance**

Please fill in this statement for health innocuousness completely and attach it to the pump to be returned to the factory.

Pump data

Type: Serial No.: PB

Reason for shipment

Contamination of the pump

☐ Hazardous liquids were **not** handled

☐ Hazardous liquids were handled

Pumped liquid:

The pump has been

☐ cleaned ☐ flushed ☐ breamed

The following safety measures must be taken before opening/repairing the pump:

Customer data

Company: Phone:
Fax:
Address: E-Mail:

Name: Position:
(Block Letters)

This is to certify that the above mentioned pump has been proper cleaned/flushed/breamed and repair can be performed without risk.

Date: Signature: